AMENDMENT NO.	Calendar No.

Purpose: In the nature of a substitute.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES-115th Cong., 2d Sess.

S. 3191

To provide for the expeditious disclosure of records related to civil rights cold cases, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on ______ and ordered to be printed

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE intended to be proposed by Mr. Jones

Viz:

1 Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the fol-

2 lowing:

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Civil Rights Cold Case

5 Records Collection Act of 2018".

6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act:

8 (1) ARCHIVIST.—The term "Archivist" means
9 the Archivist of the United States.

- 10 (2) CIVIL RIGHTS COLD CASE.—The term "civil
- 11 rights cold case" means any unsolved case—

1	(A) arising out of events which occurred
2	during the period beginning on January 1,
3	1940 and ending on December 31, 1979; and
4	(B) related to—
5	(i) section 241 of title 18, United
6	States Code (relating to conspiracy against
7	rights);
8	(ii) section 242 of title 18, United
9	States Code (relating to deprivation of
10	rights under color of law);
11	(iii) section 245 of title 18, United
12	States Code (relating to federally protected
13	activities);
14	(iv) sections 1581 and 1584 of title
15	18, United States Code (relating to peon-
16	age and involuntary servitude);
17	(v) section 901 of the Fair Housing
18	Act (42 U.S.C. 3631); or
19	(vi) any other Federal law that was—
20	(I) in effect on or before Decem-
21	ber 31, 1979; and
22	(II) enforced by the criminal sec-
23	tion of the Civil Rights Division of the
24	Department of Justice before the date
25	of enactment of this Act.

1	(3) CIVIL RIGHTS COLD CASE RECORD.—The
2	term "civil rights cold case record" means a record
3	that—
4	(A) is related to a civil rights cold case;
5	and
6	(B) was created or made available for use
7	by, obtained by, or otherwise came into the pos-
8	session of—
9	(i) the Library of Congress;
10	(ii) the National Archives and Records
11	Administration;
12	(iii) any executive agency;
13	(iv) any independent agency;
14	(v) any other entity of the Federal
15	Government; and
16	(vi) any State or local government, or
17	component thereof, that provided support
18	or assistance or performed work in connec-
19	tion with a Federal inquiry into a civil
20	rights cold case.
21	(4) COLLECTION.—The term "Collection"
22	means the Civil Rights Cold Cases Collection estab-
23	lished under section 3.

(5) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "executive
 agency" means an agency, as defined in subsection
 552(f) of title 5, United States Code.

4 (6) GOVERNMENT OFFICE.—The term "Govern5 ment office" means any office of the Federal Gov6 ernment that has possession or control of 1 or more
7 civil rights cold case records.

8 (7) GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL.—The term "Gov9 ernment official" means any officer or employee of
10 the United States, including elected and appointed
11 officials.

12 (8) NATIONAL ARCHIVES.—The term "National
13 Archives" means the National Archives and Records
14 Administration and all components thereof, includ15 ing Presidential archival depositories established
16 under section 2112 of title 44, United States Code.

(9) OFFICIAL INVESTIGATION.—The term "official investigation" means the reviews of civil rights
cold cases conducted by any entity of the Federal
Government either independently, at the request of
any Presidential commission or congressional committee, or at the request of any Government official.

(10) ORIGINATING BODY.—The term "originating body" means the executive agency, Government commission, congressional committee, or other

1	Governmental entity that created a record or par-
2	ticular information within a record.
3	(11) Public interest.—The term "public in-
4	terest" means the compelling interest in the prompt
5	public disclosure of civil rights cold case records for
6	historical and Governmental purposes and for the
7	purpose of fully informing the people of the United
8	States about the history surrounding all civil rights
9	cold cases in the United States.
10	(12) RECORD.—The term "record" has the
11	meaning given the term in section 3301 of title 44,
12	United States Code.
13	(13) REVIEW BOARD.—The term "Review
14	Board" means the Civil Rights Cold Case Records
15	Review Board established under section 5.
16	SEC. 3. CIVIL RIGHTS COLD CASE RECORDS COLLECTION
17	AT THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORD
18	ADMINISTRATION.
19	(a) IN GENERAL.—
20	(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS
21	COLD CASE RECORDS COLLECTION.—Not later than
22	60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the
23	Archivist shall—
24	(A) commence establishing a collection of
25	civil rights cold case records to be known as the

1	"Civil Rights Cold Case Records Collection"
2	that ensures the physical integrity and original
3	provenance of all records in the Collection;
4	(B) commence preparing and publishing
5	the subject guidebook and index to the Collec-
6	tion; and
7	(C) establish criteria for Government of-
8	fices to follow when transmitting copies of civil
9	rights cold case records to the Archivist, to in-
10	clude required metadata.
11	(2) CONTENTS OF COLLECTION.—The Collec-
12	tion shall include—
13	(A) a copy of each civil rights cold case
14	record—
15	(i) that has not been transmitted to
16	the Archivist, which shall be transmitted to
17	the Archivist in accordance with section
18	2107 of title 44, United States Code by
19	the entity described in section $2(3)(B)$ in
20	possession of the civil rights cold case
21	record, except in the case of a State or
22	local government; or
23	(ii) that has been transmitted to the
24	Archivist or disclosed to the public in an

1	unredacted form before the date of the en-
2	actment of this Act;
3	(iii) that is required to be transmitted
4	to the Archivist; or
5	(iv) the disclosure of which is post-
6	poned under this Act; and
7	(B) all Review Board records, as required
8	under this Act.
9	(b) DISCLOSURE OF RECORDS.—All civil rights cold
10	case records transmitted to the Archivist for disclosure to
11	the public—
12	(1) shall be included in the Collection;
13	(2) not later than 60 days after the trans-
14	mission of the record to the Archivist, shall be avail-
15	able to the public for inspection and copying at the
16	National Archives; and
17	(3) shall be prioritized for digitization by the
18	National Archives.
19	(c) FEES FOR COPYING.—The Archivist shall—
20	(1) use efficient electronic means when possible;
21	(2) charge fees for copying civil rights cold case
22	records; and
23	(3) grant waivers of such fees pursuant to the
24	standard established under section $552(a)(4)$ of title
25	5, United States Code.

(d) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.—The Archivist
 shall ensure the security of civil rights cold case records
 in the Collection for which disclosure is postponed.

4 (e) TRANSMISSION TO THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES.—
5 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2),
6 each Government office shall, in accordance with the
7 criteria established by the Archivist under subsection
8 (a)(1)(C)—

9 (A) as soon as is reasonably practicable, 10 and in any event not later than 2 years after 11 the date of the enactment of this Act, transmit 12 to the Archivist, for the Archivist to make avail-13 able to the public in accordance with subsection 14 (b), a copy of each civil rights cold case record 15 that can be publicly disclosed, including any 16 such record that is publicly available on the 17 date of enactment of this Act, without any re-18 daction, adjustment, or withholding under the 19 standards of this Act; and

(B) transmit to the Archivist upon approval for postponement by the Review Board
or upon completion of other action authorized
by this Act, a copy of each civil rights cold case
record for which public disclosure has been
postponed, in whole or in part, under the stand-

1	ards of this Act, to become part of the pro-
2	tected Collection.
3	(2) Reopening of cases.—If, not later than
4	2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the
5	Attorney General submits to the Archivist a certifi-
6	cation that the Attorney General intends to reopen
7	and pursue prosecution of the civil rights cold case
8	to which a civil rights cold case record relates, the
9	Attorney General shall transmit to the Archivist the
10	civil rights cold case record in accordance with para-
11	graph (1) —
12	(A) not later than 90 days after—
13	(i) final judgement is entered in the
14	proceedings relating to the civil rights cold
15	case; or
16	(ii) proceedings relating to the civil
17	rights cold case are dismissed with preju-
18	dice; or
19	(B) not later than the date that is 1 year
20	after the date on which the Attorney General
21	submits to the Archivist the certification, if an
22	indictment or information has not been filed
23	with respect to the civil rights cold case.
24	(f) Periodic Review of Postponed Civil Rights
25	Cold Case Records.—

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(1) IN GENERAL.—Each civil rights cold case 1 2 record that is redacted or for which public disclosure 3 is postponed shall be reviewed not later than Decem-4 ber 31 each year by the entity submitting the record 5 and the Archivist, consistent with the recommenda-6 tions of the Review Board under section 7(c)(3)(B). 7 (2) REQUIREMENTS OF PERIODIC REVIEW. 8 The periodic review under paragraph (1) shall ad-9 dress the public disclosure of additional civil rights 10 cold case records in the Collection under the stand-11 ards of this Act. 12 (3) Unclassified written description.— 13 Any civil rights cold case record for which postpone-14 ment of public disclosure is continued shall include 15 an unclassified written description of the reason for 16 such continued postponement, which shall be pro-17 vided to the Archivist and made available on a pub-18 licly accessible website upon the determination to 19 continue the postponement. 20 (4) Full disclosure of civil rights cold 21 CASE RECORD REQUIRED.— 22 (A) IN GENERAL.—Each civil rights cold 23 case record that is not publicly disclosed in full 24 as of the date on which the Review Board ter-25 minates under section 5(n) shall be publicly dis-

1	closed in full and available in the Collection not
2	later than 25 years after the date of enactment
3	of this Act unless—
4	(i) the head of the originating body,
5	an executive agency, or other Government
6	office recommends in writing the exemp-
7	tion of the record or information, the re-
8	lease of which would clearly and demon-
9	strably be expected to—
10	(I) cause identifiable or describ-
11	able damage to national security, mili-
12	tary defense, law enforcement, intel-
13	ligence operations, or the conduct of
14	foreign relations that is of such grav-
15	ity that it outweighs the public inter-
16	est in disclosure; or
17	(II) reveal information described
18	in paragraphs (1) through (9) of sec-
19	tion 3.3(b) of Executive Order 13526
20	(75 Fed. Reg. 707; relating to classi-
21	fied national security information);
22	(ii) the written recommendation de-
23	scribed in clause (i)—
24	(I) is provided to the Archivist
25	not later than 180 days before the

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1	date that is 25 years after the date of
2	enactment of this Act; and
3	(II) includes—
4	(aa) a justification of the
5	recommendation to postpone dis-
6	closure; and
7	(bb) a recommended speci-
8	fied time at which or a specified
9	occurrence following which the
10	material may be appropriately
11	disclosed to the public under this
12	Act; and
13	(iii) the Archivist agrees with the
14	written recommendation described in
15	clause (i).
16	(B) NOTIFICATION.—If the Archivist does
17	not agree with the recommendation described in
18	subparagraph (A)(i), the Archivist shall notify
19	the head of the originating body, executive
20	agency, or other Government office making the
21	recommendation not later than 90 days before
22	the date that is 25 years after the date of en-
23	actment of this Act.
24	(g) DIGITIZATION OF RECORDS.—Each executive
25	agency shall make text searchable documents available to

the Review Board pursuant to standards established under
 section 552(a)(3) of title 5, United States Code.

3 (h) NOTICE REGARDING PUBLIC DISCLOSURE.—

4 (1) FINDING.—Congress finds that the public 5 release of case-related documents and information 6 without notice may significantly affect the victims of 7 the events to which the case relates and their next 8 of kin.

9 (2) NOTICE.—Not later than 7 days before a 10 civil rights cold case record is publicly disclosed, the 11 executive agency releasing the civil rights cold case 12 record, in coordination with the Government office 13 that had possession or control of the civil rights cold 14 case record, shall take all reasonable efforts to pro-15 vide the civil rights cold case record to the victims 16 of the events to which the civil rights cold case 17 record relates, or their next of kin.

18 SEC. 4. GROUNDS FOR POSTPONEMENT OF PUBLIC DISCLO-

19 SURE OF RECORDS.

Disclosure of civil rights cold case records or particular information within a civil rights cold case record to the public may be postponed subject to the limitations of this Act if disclosure would clearly and demonstrably be expected to—

1	(1)(A) cause identifiable or describable damage
2	to national security, military defense, law enforce-
3	ment, intelligence operations, or the conduct of for-
4	eign relations that is of such gravity that it out-
5	weighs the public interest in disclosure; or
6	(B) reveal information described in paragraphs
7	(1) through (9) of section 3.3(b) of Executive Order
8	13526 (75 Fed. Reg. 707; relating to classified na-
9	tional security information);
10	(2)(A) reveal the name or identity of a living in-
11	dividual who provided confidential information to the
12	United States; and
13	(B) pose a substantial risk of harm to that indi-
14	vidual;
15	(3) constitute an unwarranted invasion of per-
16	sonal privacy;
17	(4)(A) compromise the existence of an under-
18	standing of confidentiality currently requiring pro-
19	tection between a Government agent and a cooper-
20	ating individual or group; and
21	(B) be so harmful that the understanding of
22	confidentiality outweighs the public interest;
23	(5) endanger the life or physical safety of any
24	individual; or

1 (6) interfere with ongoing law enforcement pro-2 ceedings. 3 SEC. 5. ESTABLISHMENT AND POWERS OF THE CIVIL 4 **RIGHTS** COLD CASE **RECORDS** REVIEW 5 **BOARD.** 6 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established, as an 7 independent agency, a board to be known as the Civil 8 Rights Cold Case Records Review Board. 9 (b) APPOINTMENT.— 10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall appoint, 11 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, 12 5 individuals to serve as members of the Review 13 Board, to ensure and facilitate the review, trans-14 mission to the Archivist, and public disclosure of 15 civil rights cold case records. 16 (2) INITIAL APPOINTMENT.— 17 (A) IN GENERAL.—Initial appointments to 18 the Review Board shall, so far as practicable, 19 be made not later than 60 days after the enact-20 ment of this Act. 21 (B) RECOMMENDATIONS.—In making ap-22 pointments to the Review Board, the President 23 may consider any individuals recommended by 24 the American Historical Association, the Orga-25 nization of American Historians, the Society of

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American Archivists, and the American Bar Association.

(C) EXTENSION.—If an organization de-3 4 scribed in subparagraph (B) does not rec-5 ommend at least 2 nominees meeting the quali-6 fications stated in paragraph (3) within 60 days 7 after the date of enactment of this Act, the 8 deadline under subparagraph (A) shall be ex-9 tended until the earlier of 60 days after the 10 date on which such recommendations are made 11 or 120 days after the date of enactment of this 12 Act.

13 (D) ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS.—
14 The President may request that any organiza15 tion described in subparagraph (B) submit ad16 ditional recommended nominees.

17 (3) QUALIFICATIONS.—Individuals nominated18 to the Review Board shall—

19 (A) not have had any previous involvement
20 with any official investigation or inquiry con21 ducted by the Federal Government, or any
22 State or local government, relating to any civil
23 rights cold case;

24 (B) be distinguished individuals of high25 national professional reputation in their respec-

1	tive fields who are capable of exercising the
2	independent and objective judgment necessary
3	to fulfill their role in ensuring and facilitating
4	the review, transmission to the public, and pub-
5	lic disclosure of files related to civil rights cold
6	cases and who possess an appreciation of the
7	value of such material to the public, scholars,
8	and government; and
9	(C) include at least 1 professional historian
10	and 1 attorney.
11	(c) Security Clearances.—All Review Board
12	nominees shall be processed for the necessary security
13	clearances in an accelerated manner by the appropriate
14	Federal agencies and subject to the standard procedures
15	for granting such clearances.
16	(d) VACANCY.—A vacancy on the Review Board shall
17	be filled in the same manner as the original appointment
18	within 60 days of the occurrence of the vacancy.
19	(e) CHAIRPERSON.—The members of the Review
20	Board shall elect 1 of the members as chairperson.
21	(f) Removal of Review Board Member.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—No member of the Review
23	Board shall be removed from office, other than—
24	(A) by impeachment and conviction; or

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1	(B) by the action of the President for inef-
2	ficiency, neglect of duty, malfeasance in office,
3	physical disability, mental incapacity, or any
4	other condition that substantially impairs the
5	performance of the member's duties.
6	(2) Report.—
7	(A) IN GENERAL.—If a member of the Re-
8	view Board is removed from office, and that re-
9	moval is by the President, not later than 10
10	days after the removal, the President shall sub-
11	mit to the Committee on Oversight and Govern-
12	ment Reform of the House of Representatives
13	and the Committee on Homeland Security and
14	Governmental Affairs of the Senate a report
15	specifying the facts found and the grounds for
16	the removal.
17	(B) PUBLICATION.—The President shall
18	publish in the Federal Register a report sub-
19	mitted under subparagraph (A), except that the
20	President may, if necessary to protect the
21	rights of a person named in the report or to
22	prevent undue interference with any pending
23	prosecution, postpone or refrain from pub-
24	lishing any or all of the report until the comple-

1	tion of such pending cases or pursuant to pri-
2	vacy protection requirements in law.
3	(3) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—A member of the Re-
5	view Board removed from office may obtain ju-
6	dicial review of the removal in a civil action
7	commenced in the United States District Court
8	for the District of Columbia.
9	(B) Relief.—The member may be rein-
10	stated or granted other appropriate relief by
11	order of the court.
12	(g) Compensation of Members.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—A member of the Review
14	Board shall be compensated at a rate equal to the
15	daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay pre-
16	scribed for level IV of the Executive Schedule under
17	section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each
18	day (including travel time) during which the member
19	is engaged in the performance of the duties of the
20	Review Board.
21	(2) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—A member of the Re-
22	view Board shall be allowed reasonable travel ex-
23	penses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at
24	rates for employees of agencies under subchapter I
25	of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while

1	away from the member's home or regular place of
2	business in the performance of services for the Re-
3	view Board.
4	(h) DUTIES OF THE REVIEW BOARD.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board shall con-
6	sider and render decisions on a determination by a
7	Government office to seek to postpone the disclosure
8	of civil rights cold case records.
9	(2) DECISIONS.—In carrying out paragraph
10	(1), the Review Board shall consider and render de-
11	cisions—
12	(A) whether a record constitutes a civil
13	rights cold case record; and
14	(B) whether a civil rights cold case record
15	or particular information in a record qualifies
16	for postponement of disclosure under this Act.
17	(i) Powers.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board shall
19	have the authority to act in a manner prescribed
20	under this Act including the authority to—
21	(A) obtain access to civil rights cold case
22	records that have been identified and organized
23	by a Government office;
24	(B) direct a Government office to make
25	available to the Review Board, and if necessary

1	investigate the facts surrounding, additional in-
2	formation, records, or testimony from individ-
3	uals, which the Review Board has reason to be-
4	lieve is required to fulfill its functions and re-
5	sponsibilities under this Act;
6	(C) subpoena private persons to compel
7	testimony, records, and other information rel-
8	evant to its responsibilities under this Act;
9	(D) require any Government office to ac-
10	count in writing for the destruction of any
11	records relating to civil rights cold cases;
12	(E) receive information from the public re-
13	garding the identification and public disclosure
14	of civil rights cold case records; and
15	(F) hold hearings, administer oaths, and
16	subpoena witnesses and documents.
17	(2) Enforcement of subpoenas.—Any sub-
18	poena issued under this subsection may be enforced
19	by any appropriate Federal court acting pursuant to
20	a lawful request of the Review Board.
21	(j) WITNESS IMMUNITY.—The Review Board shall be
22	considered to be an agency of the United States for pur-
23	poses of chapter 601 of title 18, United States Code.
24	(k) Oversight.—

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1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Committee on Oversight
2	and Government Reform of the House of Represent-
3	atives and the Committee on Homeland Security and
4	Governmental Affairs of the Senate shall have con-
5	tinuing oversight jurisdiction with respect to the offi-
6	cial conduct of the Review Board and the disposition
7	of postponed records after termination of the Review
8	Board, and shall have access to any records held or
9	created by the Review Board.
10	(2) Cooperation of review board.—The
11	Review Board shall have a duty to cooperate with
12	the exercised of the oversight jurisdiction described
13	in paragraph (1).
14	(1) SUPPORT SERVICES.—The Administrator of Gen-
15	eral Services shall provide administrative services for the
16	Review Board on a reimbursable basis.
17	(m) INTERPRETIVE REGULATIONS.—The Review
18	Board may issue interpretive regulations.
19	(n) TERMINATION.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board shall ter-
21	minate not later than 4 years after the enactment of
22	this Act, except that the Review Board may, by ma-
23	jority vote, extend its term for an additional 1-year
24	period if the Review Board has not completed its
25	work within that 4-year period.

1	(2) REPORTS.—Before its termination, the Re-
2	view Board shall submit reports to the President
3	and the Congress, including a complete and accurate
4	accounting of expenditures during its existence, and
5	shall complete all other reporting requirements
6	under this Act.
7	(3) TRANSFER OF RECORDS.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon termination, the
9	Review Board shall transfer all of its records to
10	the Archivist for inclusion in the Collection.
11	(B) PRESERVATION OF RECORDS.—The
12	records of the Review Board shall not be de-
13	stroyed, except that the Archivist may destroy
14	routine administrative records covered by a gen-
15	eral records schedule following notification in
16	the Federal Register and after considering com-
17	ments.
18	SEC. 6. REVIEW BOARD PERSONNEL.
19	(a) Chief of Staff.—
20	(1) Appointment.—Not later than 45 days
21	after the initial meeting of the Review Board, and
22	without regard to political affiliation, the Review
23	Board shall appoint an individual to the position of
24	Chief of Staff of the Review Board.

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1	(2) Requirements.—The individual appointed
2	as Chief of Staff—
3	(A) shall be a citizen of the United States
4	of integrity and impartiality who is a distin-
5	guished professional; and
6	(B) shall have had no previous involvement
7	with any official investigation or inquiry relat-
8	ing to civil rights cold cases.
9	(3) CANDIDATE TO HAVE CLEARANCES.—A
10	candidate for Chief of Staff shall be granted the nec-
11	essary security clearances in an accelerated manner
12	subject to the standard procedures for granting such
13	clearances.
14	(4) Approval contingent on prior clear-
15	ANCE.—A candidate shall qualify for the necessary
16	security clearance prior to being appointed by the
17	Review Board.
18	(5) DUTIES.—The Chief of Staff shall—
19	(A) serve as principal liaison to Govern-
20	ment offices;
21	(B) be responsible for the administration
22	and coordination of the Review Board's review
23	of records;

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1 (C) be responsible for the administration 2 of all official activities conducted by the Review 3 Board; and 4 (D) have no authority to decide or deter-5 mine whether any record shall be disclosed to 6 the public or postponed for disclosure. 7 (6) REMOVAL.—The Chief of Staff shall not be 8 removed except upon a majority vote of the Review 9 Board to remove the Chief of Staff for cause on the 10 grounds of inefficiency, neglect of duty, malfeasance 11 in office, physical disability, mental incapacity, or 12 any other condition that substantially impairs the 13 performance of the responsibilities of the Chief of 14 Staff or the employees of the Review Board. 15 (b) STAFF.— 16 ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL.—The (1)Review 17 Board may, in accordance with the civil service laws 18 but without regard to civil service laws and regula-19 tions for appointments in the competitive service 20 under subchapter I of chapter 33 of title 5, United 21 States Code, appoint and terminate additional em-22 ployees as are necessary to enable the Review Board 23 and its Chief of Staff to perform its duties. 24 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—An individual appointed

25 as an employee of the Review Board—

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1	(A) shall be a private citizen of integrity
2	and impartiality; and
3	(B) shall have had no previous involvement
4	with any official investigation or inquiry relat-
5	ing to the civil rights cold cases.
6	(3) Nominations.—Before making an appoint-
7	ment pursuant to paragraph (1), the Review Board
8	shall consider individuals recommended by the
9	American Historical Association, the Organization of
10	American Historians, the Society of American Archi-
11	vists, and the American Bar Association.
12	(4) Security clearances.—A candidate shall
13	qualify for the necessary security clearance prior to
14	being appointed by the Review Board.
15	(c) COMPENSATION.—The Review Board shall fix the
16	compensation of the Chief of Staff and other employees
17	in accordance with title 5, United States Code, except that
18	the rate of pay for the Chief of Staff and other employees
19	may not exceed the rate payable for level V of the Execu-
20	tive Schedule under section 5316 of that title.
21	(d) Advisory Committees.—The Review Board
22	may create advisory committees to assist in fulfilling the
23	responsibilities of the Review Board under this Act.

1 SEC. 7. REVIEW OF RECORDS BY THE REVIEW BOARD.

2 (a) CUSTODY OF RECORDS REVIEWED BY THE
3 BOARD.—Pending the outcome of the Review Board's re4 view activity, a Government office shall retain custody of
5 a civil rights cold case records for purposes of preserva6 tion, security, and efficiency, unless—

7 (1) the Review Board requires the physical
8 transfer of records for reasons of conducting an
9 independent and impartial review; or

10 (2) such transfer is necessary for an adminis11 trative hearing or other official Review Board func12 tion.

13 (b) STARTUP REQUIREMENTS.—The Review Board14 shall—

(1) not later than 90 days after the date on
which all members of the Review Board are appointed, publish a schedule for review of all civil
rights cold case records in the Federal Register; and
(2) not later than 180 days after the enactment
of this Act, begin its review of civil rights cold case
records under this Act.

22 (c) DETERMINATION OF THE REVIEW BOARD.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board shall direct that copies of all civil rights cold case records
be transmitted to the Archivist and disclosed to the

public in the Collection in the absence of clear and
convincing evidence that—
(A) a Government record is not a civil
rights cold case record; or
(B) a Government record or particular in-
formation within a civil rights cold case record
qualifies for postponement of public disclosure
under this Act, which shall include consider-
ation by the Review Board of relevant laws and
policies protecting criminal records of juveniles.
(2) Postponement.—In approving postpone-
ment of public disclosure of a civil rights cold case
record, the Review Board shall work to—
(A) provide for the disclosure of segregable
parts, substitutes, or summaries of such a
record; and
(B) determine, in consultation with the
originating body and consistent with the stand-
ards for postponement under this Act, which of
the following alternative forms of disclosure
shall be made by the originating body:
(i) Any reasonably segregable par-
ticular information in a civil rights cold
case record.

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1	(ii) A substitute record for that infor-
2	mation which is postponed.
3	(iii) A summary of a civil rights cold
4	case record.
5	(3) REPORT.—With respect to each civil rights
6	cold case record or particular information in civil
7	rights cold case records the public disclosure of
8	which is postponed under section 4, or for which
9	only substitutions or summaries have been disclosed
10	to the public, the Review Board shall create and
11	transmit to the Archivist a report containing—
12	(A) a description of actions by the Review
13	Board, the originating body, the President, or
14	any Government office (including a justification
15	of any such action to postpone disclosure of any
16	record or part of any record) and of any official
17	proceedings conducted by the Review Board
18	with regard to specific civil rights cold case
19	records; and
20	(B) a statement, based on a review of the
21	proceedings and in conformity with the deci-
22	sions reflected therein, designating a rec-
23	ommended specified time at which or a specified
24	occurrence following which the material may be

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appropriately disclosed to the public under this
 Act.

3 (4) NOTICE.—Not later than 14 days after the 4 Review Board makes a determination that a civil 5 rights cold case record shall be publicly disclosed in 6 the Collection or postponed for disclosure and held 7 in the protected Collection, the Review Board shall 8 notify the head of the originating body of its deter-9 mination and publish a copy of the determination in 10 the Federal Register.

11 (5) OTHER NOTICE.—Contemporaneous notice 12 shall be made to the President of Review Board de-13 terminations regarding executive branch civil rights 14 cold case records, and to the oversight committees 15 designated in this Act in the case of legislative 16 branch records. Such notice shall contain a written 17 unclassified justification for public disclosure or 18 postponement of disclosure, including an explanation 19 of the application of any standards under section 4. 20 (d) PRESIDENTIAL AUTHORITY OVER REVIEW 21 BOARD DETERMINATION.—

(1) PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OR POSTPONEMENT
OF DISCLOSURE.—After the Review Board has made
a formal determination concerning the public disclosure or postponement of disclosure of an executive

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1 branch civil rights cold case record or information 2 contained in a civil rights cold case record, obtained 3 or developed solely within the executive branch, the 4 President shall have the sole and nondelegable au-5 thority to require the disclosure or postponement of 6 such record or information under the standards set 7 forth in section 4, and the President shall provide 8 the Review Board with an unclassified written cer-9 tification specifying the President's decision within 10 30 days after the Review Board's determination and 11 notice to the executive agency as required under this 12 Act, stating the justification for the President's deci-13 sion, including the applicable grounds for postpone-14 ment under section 4.

(2) PERIODIC REVIEW.—Any executive branch
civil rights cold case record for which public disclosure is postponed by the President shall be subject
to the requirements of periodic review and declassification of classified information and public disclosure in the Collection set forth in section 3.

(3) RECORD OF PRESIDENTIAL POSTPONEMENT.—The Review Board shall, upon its receipt,
publish in the Federal Register a copy of any unclassified written certification, statement, and other materials transmitted by or on behalf of the President

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with regard to postponement of the public disclosure
 of civil rights cold case records.

3 (e) NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.—On each day that is on or after the date that is 60 days after the Review Board 4 5 first approves the postponement of disclosure of a civil rights cold case record, the Review Board shall publish 6 7 on a publicly available website a notice that summarizes 8 the postponements approved by the Review Board or initi-9 ated by the President, including a description of the sub-10 ject, originating agency, length or other physical descrip-11 tion, and each ground for postponement that is relied 12 upon.

13 (f) Reports by the Review Board.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board shall re-15 port its activities to the Speaker of the House of 16 Representatives, the Minority Leader of the House 17 of Representatives, the Committee on Oversight and 18 Government Reform of the House of Representa-19 tives, the Majority Leader of the Senate, the Minor-20 ity Leader of the Senate, the Committee on Home-21 land Security and Governmental Affairs of the Sen-22 ate, the President, the Archivist, and the head of 23 any Government office whose records have been the 24 subject of Review Board activity.

1	(2) DEADLINES.—Not later than 1 year after
2	the date of enactment of this Act, and every year
3	thereafter until termination of the Review Board,
4	the Review Board shall issue a report under para-
5	graph (1).
6	(3) CONTENTS.—Each report under paragraph
7	(1) shall include the following information:
8	(A) A financial report of the expenses for
9	all official activities and requirements of the
10	Review Board and its employees.
11	(B) The progress made on review, trans-
12	mission to the Archivist, and public disclosure
13	of civil rights cold case records.
14	(C) The estimated time and volume of civil
15	rights cold case records involved in the comple-
16	tion of the Review Board's performance under
17	this Act.
18	(D) Any special problems, including re-
19	quests and the level of cooperation of Govern-
20	ment offices, with regard to the ability of the
21	Review Board to operate as required by this
22	Act.
23	(E) A record of review activities, including
24	a record of postponement decisions by the Re-
25	view Board or other related actions authorized

1	by this Act, and a record of the volume of
2	records reviewed and postponed.
3	(F) Recommendations and requests to
4	Congress for additional authorization.
5	(G) An appendix containing copies of re-
6	ports of postponed records to the Archivist re-
7	quired under subsection (c)(3) made since the
8	date of the preceding report under this sub-
9	section.
10	(4) NOTICE OF TERMINATION.—Not later than
11	90 days before terminating, the Review Board shall
12	provide written notice to the President and the Con-
13	gress of its intention to terminate its operations at
14	a specified date.
15	SEC. 8. DISCLOSURE OF OTHER INFORMATION AND ADDI-
16	TIONAL STUDY.
17	(a) Materials Under the Seal of the Court.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board may re-
19	quest the Attorney General to petition any court in
20	the United States or abroad to release any informa-
21	tion relevant to civil rights cold cases that is held
22	under seal of court.
23	(2) Grand Jury materials.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board may
25	request the Attorney General to petition any

1	court in the United States to release any infor-
2	mation relevant to civil rights cold cases that is
3	held under the injunction of secrecy of a grand
4	jury.
5	(B) PARTICULARIZED NEED.—A request
6	for disclosure of civil rights cold case records
7	under this Act shall be deemed to constitute a
8	showing of particularized need under rule 6 of
9	the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
10	(3) DEADLINE.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General
12	shall respond to any request that is subject to
13	this subsection within 45 days.
14	(B) NONDISCLOSURE OF GRAND JURY IN-
15	FORMATION.—If the Attorney General deter-
16	mines that information relevant to a civil rights
17	cold case that is held under the injunction of
18	secrecy of a grand jury should not be made
19	public, the Attorney General shall set forth in
20	the response to the request the reasons for the
21	determination.
22	(b) COOPERATION WITH AGENCIES.—It is the sense
23	of Congress that—
24	(1) the Attorney General should assist the Re-
25	view Board in good faith to unseal any records that

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the Review Board determines to be relevant and held
 under the seal by a court or under the injunction of
 secrecy of a grand jury; and

4 (2) all departments and agencies of the United
5 States Government should cooperate in full with the
6 Review Board to seek the disclosure of all informa7 tion relevant to civil rights cold cases consistent with
8 the public interest.

9 SEC. 9. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

10 (a) PRECEDENCE OVER OTHER LAW.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), 12 when this Act requires transmission of a record to 13 the Archivist or public disclosure, it shall take prece-14 dence over any other law (except section 6103 of the 15 Internal Revenue Code of 1986), judicial decisions 16 construing such law, or common law doctrine that 17 would otherwise prohibit such transmission or disclo-18 sure with the exception of deeds governing access to 19 or transfer or release of gifts and donations of 20 records to the United States Government.

(2) PERSONNEL AND MEDICAL FILES.—This
Act shall not require the public disclosure of information that is exempt from disclosure under section
552(b)(6) of title 5, United States Code.

(b) FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT.—Nothing in
 this Act shall be construed to eliminate or limit any right
 to file any requests with any executive agency or seek judi cial review of the decisions under section 552 of title 5,
 United States Code.

6 (c) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Nothing in this Act shall be
7 construed to preclude judicial review, under chapter 7 of
8 title 5, United States Code, of final actions taken or re9 quired to be taken under this Act.

(d) EXISTING AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this Act revokes or limits the existing authority of the President, any
executive agency, the Senate, the House of Representatives, or any other entity of the Government to publicly
disclose records in its possession.

15 SEC. 10. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act,
to remain available until expended.

(b) INTERIM PROVISIONS.—Until such time as funds
are appropriated pursuant to subsection (a), the President
shall use such sums as are available for discretionary use
to carry out this Act.